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## WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

| 1  | 1.   | A method of forming an electrical connection between two devices,              |  |
|----|--|--|--|
| 2  | comprising:                                  |  |  |
| 3  |  | bonding an interconnection on a first contact pad of a first component,        |  |
| 4  | wherein said                                 | interconnection comprises  |  |
| 5  |  | a conductive polymer comprising a polymer component and a conductive           |  |
| 6  | component; and,                              |  |  |
| 7  |  | a first solderable cap disposed in contact with said conductive polymer;       |  |
| 8  | and,   |  |  |
| 9  |  | soldering said first solderable cap to a second contact pad of a second        |  |
| 10 | component.                                   |  |  |
|    |  |  |  |
| 1  | 2.   | The method of claim 1, wherein said polymer component comprises a              |  |
| 2  | thermoplastic                                | e polymer, a copolymer, or a blend, and said conductive component              |  |
| 3  | comprises electrically conductive particles. |  |  |
|    |  |  |  |
| 1  | 3.   | The method of claim 2, wherein said polymer component comprises a              |  |
| 2  | nylon, polyst                                | ılfone, polyester, polyimide, siloxane, ethylene, vinyl acetate, aryl-ether,   |  |
| 3  | polyutethane                                 | , polyisocyanate, polyether, polyester, acrylate, or polyvinyl chloride.       |  |
|    |  |  |  |
| 1  | 4.   | The method of claim 2 wherein said conductive particles comprise gold,         |  |
| 2  | silver, pallad                               | lium, oxide free noble alloys of gold, silver, and palladium, or a noble metal |  |
|    |  |  |  |

nickel, silver, copper, zinc, palladium, platinum, indium, tin, bismuth, or lead.

The method of claim 1, wherein said first solderable cap comprises gold,

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| 1 | 6.  | The method of claim 1, wherein said first solderable cap has a width and a |  |
|---|---|--|--|
| 2 | thickness, and  | said width is about 0.010 inches to about 0.050 inches, and said thickness |  |
| 3 | is about 0.002  | inches to about 0.01 inches.   |  |
| 1 | 7.  | The method of claim 1, wherein said conductive polymer has a width and     |  |
| 2 | a thickness, and said width is about 0.010 inches to about 0.050 inches, and said thickness |  |  |
| 3 | is about 0.002  | inches to about 0.058 inches.  |  |
| 1 | 8.  | The method of claim 1, wherein said conductive polymer has a resistivity   |  |
| 2 | of less than ab   | out 0.05 ohms per centimeter.  |  |
| 1 | 9.  | The method of claim 1, wherein said first solderable cap is a solder ball. |  |
| 1 | 10.   | The method of claim 1 wherein said bonding comprises placing said          |  |
| 2 | interconnection   | on in contact with said first contact pad and heating said conductive      |  |
| 3 | polymer.  |  |  |
|   |   |  |  |

- 11. The method of claim 1 wherein said bonding comprises:

  applying said conductive polymer in an uncured state on said first contact pad;

  disposing said first solderable cap in contact with said conductive polymer; and,
  - curing said conductive polymer.

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| 1  | 12.  | A method of forming an electrical connection between two devices,          |  |  |
|----|--|--|--|--|
| 2  | comprising:                                      |  |  |  |
| 3  |  | soldering a second solderable cap of an interconnection to a first contact |  |  |
| 4  | pad of a first                                   | pad of a first component, wherein said interconnection comprises:          |  |  |
| 5  |  | a conductive polymer comprising a polymer component and a conductive       |  |  |
| 6  | component;                                       |  |  |  |
| 7  |  | a first solderable cap disposed in contact with said conductive polymer;   |  |  |
| 8  | and,   |  |  |  |
| 9  |  | said second solderable cap disposed in contact with said conductive        |  |  |
| 10 | polymer opposite said first solderable cap; and, |  |  |  |
| 11 |  | soldering said first solderable cap to a second contact pad of a second    |  |  |
| 12 | component.                                       |  |  |  |
|    |  |  |  |  |
| 1  | 13.  | The method of claim 12, wherein said polymer component comprises a         |  |  |
| 2  | thermoplastic                                    | polymer, a copolymer, or a blend, and said conductive component            |  |  |
| 3  | comprises ele                                    | ectrically conductive particles.   |  |  |
|    |  |  |  |  |
| 1  | 14.  | The method of claim 13, wherein said polymer component comprises:          |  |  |
| 2  |  | a nylon, polysulfone, polyester, polyimide, siloxane, ethylene, vinyl      |  |  |
| 3  | acetate, aryl-                                   | ether, polyutethane, polyisocyanate, polyether, polyester, acrylate, or    |  |  |
| 4  | polyvinyl chl                                    | loride.  |  |  |
|    |  |  |  |  |

silver, palladium, oxide free noble alloys of gold, silver, and palladium, or a noble metal.

The method of claim 13 wherein said conductive particles comprise gold,

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| 16.  | The method of claim 12, wherein said first solderable cap and said second |  |  |  |  |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| solderable cap comprise gold, nickel, silver, copper, zinc, palladium, platinum, indium, |   |  |  |  |  |
| tin, bismuth, or lead.   |   |  |  |  |  |

- 17. The method of claim 12, wherein said first solderable cap and said second solderable cap have a width and a thickness, and said width is about 0.010 inches to about 0.050 inches, and said thickness is about 0.002 inches to about 0.01 inches.
- 18. The method of claim 12, wherein said conductive polymer has a width and a thickness, and said width is about 0.010 inches to about 0.050 inches, and said thickness is about 0.002 inches to about 0.058 inches.
- 19. The method of claim 12, wherein said conductive polymer has a resistivity of less than about 0.05 ohms per centimeter.